## ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 5266

State of Washington65th Legislature2017 Regular SessionBy Senators O'Ban, Pedersen, Angel, and DarneilleRead first time 01/18/17.Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

1 AN ACT Relating to theft of rental property; amending RCW 2 9A.56.096; and prescribing penalties.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 Sec. 1. RCW 9A.56.096 and 2012 c 30 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) A person who, with intent to deprive the owner or owner's 7 agent, wrongfully obtains, or exerts unauthorized control over, or by 8 color or aid of deception gains control of personal property that is 9 rented, leased, or loaned by written agreement to the person, is 10 guilty of theft of rental, leased, lease-purchased, or loaned 11 property.

(2) A person who, having control of personal property under a 12 written rental agreement, intentionally holds the property beyond the 13 14 expiration of the rental period without the effective consent of the owner of the property, depriving the owner of the property of its use 15 16 in further rentals, is guilty of theft of rental property. It is not 17 a defense that the person returned the personal property held under a rental agreement after the expiration of the rental agreement if the 18 person fails to pay the applicable rental charge for the property for 19 20 the time that the person held the personal property. Rental property 21 agreements must contain a warning that failure to return property and

pay all outstanding obligations pursuant to the terms of the 1 agreement may result in charges up to and including a gross 2 3 misdemeanor. For purposes of this subsection, applicable rental charge is determined pursuant to the late return provisions in the 4 written agreement; however, if the written agreement contains no late 5 6 return provisions, applicable rental charge means a value equal to 7 the terms of the written rental agreement prorated from the due date of the rental period through the receipt of the returned property. 8 This subsection applies only to rental property agreements, and does 9 not apply to leased property, lease-purchased property, rent to own 10 11 property, and motor vehicles.

12 (3) The finder of fact may presume intent to deprive if the 13 finder of fact finds either of the following:

(a) That the person who rented or leased the property failed to return or make arrangements acceptable to the owner of the property or the owner's agent to return the property to the owner or the owner's agent within seventy-two hours after receipt of proper notice following the due date of the rental, lease, lease-purchase, or loan agreement; or

(b) That the renter, lessee, or borrower presented identification to the owner or the owner's agent that was materially false, fictitious, or not current with respect to name, address, place of employment, or other appropriate items.

(((3))) (4) As used in subsection ((2)) (3) of this section, 24 25 "proper notice" consists of a written demand by the owner or the 26 owner's agent made after the due date of the rental, lease, leasepurchase, or loan period, mailed by certified or registered mail to 27 the renter, lessee, or borrower at: (a) The address the renter, 28 29 lessee, or borrower gave when the contract was made; or (b) the renter, lessee, or borrower's last known address if later furnished 30 31 in writing by the renter, lessee, borrower, or the agent of the renter, lessee, or borrower. 32

(((4))) (5) The replacement value of the property obtained must be utilized in determining the amount involved in the theft of rental, leased, lease-purchased, or loaned property.

36 (((5))) (6)(a) Theft of rental, leased, lease-purchased, or 37 loaned property is a class B felony if the rental, leased, lease-38 purchased, or loaned property is valued at five thousand dollars or 39 more.

p. 2

1 (b) Theft of rental, leased, lease-purchased, or loaned property 2 is a class C felony if the rental, leased, lease-purchased, or loaned 3 property is valued at seven hundred fifty dollars or more but less 4 than five thousand dollars.

5 (c) Theft of rental, leased, lease-purchased, or loaned property 6 is a gross misdemeanor if the rental, leased, lease-purchased, or 7 loaned property is valued at less than seven hundred fifty dollars.

8 (d)(i)(A) Theft of rental property under subsection (2) of this
9 section is a gross misdemeanor if the outstanding obligation is
10 valued at seven hundred fifty dollars or more;

11 (B) Theft of rental property under subsection (2) of this section 12 is a misdemeanor if the outstanding obligation is valued at two 13 <u>hundred fifty dollars or more but less than seven hundred fifty</u> 14 <u>dollars;</u>

15 <u>(C) Theft of rental property under subsection (2) of this section</u> 16 <u>is a class 1 civil infraction if the outstanding obligation is valued</u> 17 <u>at fifty dollars or more but less than two hundred fifty dollars.</u>

18 (ii) This subsection (6)(d) applies only to rental property, and 19 does not apply to leased property, lease-purchased property, rent to 20 own property, and motor vehicles.

21 (((6))) (7) The crime of theft of rental, leased, lease-22 purchased, or loaned property may be deemed to have been committed 23 either at the physical location where the written agreement for the 24 rental, lease, lease-purchase, or loan of the property was executed 25 under subsection (1) of this section, or at the address where proper 26 notice may be mailed to the renter, lessee, or borrower under 27 subsection (((3))) (4) of this section.

28 (((7))) (8) This section applies to rental agreements that 29 provide that the renter may return the property any time within the rental period and pay only for the time the renter actually retained 30 31 the property, in addition to any minimum rental fee, to lease agreements, to lease-purchase agreements as defined under RCW 32 63.19.010, and to vehicles loaned to prospective purchasers borrowing 33 a vehicle by written agreement from a motor vehicle dealer licensed 34 under chapter 46.70 RCW. This section does not apply to rental or 35 36 leasing of real property under the residential landlord-tenant act, chapter 59.18 RCW. 37

--- END ---